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Chief of Police

CITY OF SAN BRUNO
POLICE DEPARTMENT

2025 San Bruno Police Department Military Equipment Use Report

Pursuant to California Government Code §7070(d)(6), and in accordance with California Government Code §7072 and San Bruno Municipal Code §2.52, this is the 2024 Annual Military Equipment Use Report for the San Bruno Police Department. This report has been submitted to the San Bruno City Council and is publicly available on the Police Department's internet website.

The San Bruno Police Department does not possess any tactical equipment that it has obtained from the military, nor does it possess any equipment that was designed for military use. The San Bruno Police Department also has not acquired any equipment through military surplus programs such as the 1033 Program.

California Government Code §7070 provides a list of equipment types that are considered to be "military equipment" for purposes of this policy requirement, and this Annual Military Equipment Use Report includes information for any such equipment types that are possessed by the San Bruno Police Department, or reasonably likely to be deployed in San Bruno by its law enforcement partners.

California Government Code § 7070(c) defines Military Equipment as any of the following:

1. Unmanned, remotely piloted, powered aerial or ground vehicles.
2. Mine-resistant ambush-protected (MRAP) vehicles or armored personnel carriers. However, police versions of standard consumer vehicles are specifically excluded from this subdivision.
3. High mobility multipurpose wheeled vehicles (HMMWV), commonly referred to as Humvees, two and one-half-ton trucks, five-ton trucks, or wheeled vehicles that have a breaching or entry apparatus attached. However, unarmored all-terrain vehicles (ATVs) and motorized dirt bikes are specifically excluded from this subdivision.
4. Tracked armored vehicles that provide ballistic protection to their occupants and utilize a tracked system instead of wheels for forward motion.
5. Command and control vehicles that are either built or modified to facilitate the operational control and direction of public safety units.
6. Weaponized aircraft, vessels, or vehicles of any kind.
7. Battering rams, slugs, and breaching apparatuses that are explosive in nature. However, items designed to remove a lock, such as bolt cutters, or a handheld ram designed to be operated by one person, are specifically excluded from this subdivision.
8. Firearms of .50 caliber or greater. However, standard issue shotguns are specifically excluded from this subdivision.
9. Ammunition of .50 caliber or greater. However, standard issue shotgun ammunition is specifically excluded from this subdivision.
10. Specialized firearms and ammunition of less than .50 caliber, including assault weapons as defined in Sections 30510 and 30515 of the Penal Code, with the exception of standard issue

service weapons and ammunition of less than .50 caliber that are issued to officers, agents, or employees of a law enforcement agency or a state agency.

11. Any firearm or firearm accessory that is designed to launch explosive projectiles.
12. "Flashbang" grenades and explosive breaching tools, "tear gas," and "pepper balls," excluding standard, service-issued handheld pepper spray.
13. Taser Shockwave, microwave weapons, water cannons, and the Long-Range Acoustic Device (LRAD).
14. The following projectile launch platforms and their associated munitions: 40mm projectile launchers, "bean bag," rubber bullet, and specialty impact munition (SIM) weapons.
15. Any other equipment as determined by a governing body or a state agency to require additional oversight.
16. Notwithstanding paragraphs (1) through (15), "Military Equipment" does not include general equipment not designated as prohibited or controlled by the federal Defense Logistics Agency.

This Annual Military Equipment Use Report includes the following information for each type of military equipment utilized by the San Bruno Police Department:

1. A summary of how the military equipment was used and the purpose of its use
2. A summary of any complaints or concerns received concerning the military equipment
3. The results of any internal audits, any information about violations of the military equipment use policy, and any actions taken in response
4. The total annual cost for each type of military equipment, including acquisition, personnel, training, transportation, maintenance, storage, upgrade, and other ongoing costs, and from what source funds will be provided for the military equipment in the calendar year following submission of the annual military equipment report
5. The quantity possessed for each type of military equipment
6. If the law enforcement agency intends to acquire additional military equipment in the next year, the quantity sought for each type of military equipment

The San Bruno City Council uses the Annual Military Equipment Use Report as a mechanism to ensure the San Bruno Police Department's compliance with its Military Equipment Use Policy, and to help it determine whether to approve, revise, or revoke components of the Military Equipment Use Policy for the subsequent year.

Pursuant to California Government Code §7070(d)(7), members of the public may register complaints or concerns or submit questions about the use of each specific type of Military Equipment in this policy by any of the following means:

1. Via email to: militaryequipment@sanbruno.ca.gov
2. Via phone call to: (650) 616-7100
3. Via mail sent to: San Bruno Police Department
Attn: Military Equipment Use Coordinator
1177 Huntington Avenue
San Bruno, CA 94066

The San Bruno Police Department is committed to responding to complaints, concerns and/or questions received through any of the above methods in a timely manner.

The remainder of this Military Equipment Use Policy is divided into two sections. Section One lists qualifying equipment that is owned and/or utilized by the San Bruno Police Department. Section Two lists qualifying equipment not previously listed in this policy, that is not owned or regularly utilized by the San Bruno Police Department, but which is known to be owned and/or utilized by the North County Regional SWAT Team, for which the San Bruno Police Department is a participating agency.

While the equipment in Section Two is not purchased, owned, or maintained by the San Bruno Police Department, it could be used in the City of San Bruno if NCR SWAT is deployed, and is therefore included in this Military Equipment Use Policy. It is important to note that NCR SWAT is generally only deployed in extreme circumstances such as active shooter incidents, hostage situations, and the execution of high-risk search and arrest warrants. The equipment NCR SWAT possesses is rarely deployed but could prove essential to emergency operations when needed.

Section One: Qualifying Equipment Owned/Utilized by the San Bruno Police Department

Equipment Type: Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS/Drones) – CA Gov't Code §7070(c)(1)	
Quantity Owned/Sought: 1 owned	Lifespan: Approximately 5 years
Equipment Capabilities: Remotely piloted aerial vehicle capable of providing live and recorded video images captured from aerial positions, including images enhanced by Forward Looking Infrared (FLIR) and optical zoom lenses.	
Manufacturer Product Description: Matrice 210: The DJI Matrice 210 is a powerful, industrial-grade flight platform with world-class agility and speed, two barometers, and redundant IMUs for maximum reliability, and new smart flight features that make capturing complex shots easy. The aircraft's visual sensors enable enhanced hovering precision even when flying indoors or in environments where GNSS is unavailable. The drone's new airframe design gives it an IP43 Ingress Protection Rating, in accordance with the global IEC 60529 standard. The M210/M210 RTK's mechanical design, along with quick release landing gears and mounted folding arms, makes it easy to transport, store, and prepare for flight.	
Purpose/Authorized Uses: UAS/Drones may be utilized to enhance the Department's mission of protecting lives and property when other means and resources are not available or are less effective. Uses may include but are not limited to: search and rescue; suspect apprehension; crime scene documentation; tactical operations; scene security; hazard monitoring, identification and mitigation; response to emergency calls; crisis communications; legally authorized surveillance.	
Fiscal Impacts: The initial costs of equipment, licensing, software and training was approximately \$40,000 which was funded with Equitable Sharing Asset Forfeiture Funds. Ongoing costs associated with UAS operation and maintenance is estimated to be approximately \$15,000 per year total, for this and the other two UAS/Drones combined.	
Legal/Procedural Rules Governing Use: Any use of a UAS will be in strict accordance with constitutional and privacy rights and Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) regulations. The use of the UAS potentially involves privacy considerations. Absent a warrant or exigent circumstances, operators and observers shall adhere to FAA altitude regulations and shall not intentionally record or transmit images of any location where a person would have a reasonable expectation of privacy (e.g., residence, yard, enclosure). Operators and observers shall take reasonable precautions to avoid inadvertently recording or transmitting images of areas where there is a reasonable expectation of privacy. Reasonable precautions can include, for example, deactivating or turning imaging devices away from such areas or persons during UAS operations.	
Training Required: Prior to piloting any UAS/Drone staff members must secure an FAA Remote Pilot License and complete all training required by our FAA COA, CoA, or any other FAA authorized means which approve operations in the airspace.	
Other Notes: None.	

Equipment Type: Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS/Drones) – CA Gov't Code §7070(c)(1)	
Quantity Owned/Sought: 2 owned	Lifespan: Approximately 5 years
Equipment Capabilities: Remotely piloted aerial vehicles capable of providing live and recorded video images captured from aerial positions, including images enhanced by Forward Looking Infrared (FLIR) and optical zoom lenses.	
Manufacturer Product Description: Mavic II Enterprise: The DJI Mavic II Enterprise features omnidirectional Vision Systems and Infrared Sensing Systems and comes with a fully stabilized 3-axis gimbal camera with an equivalent 24-48 mm 2x optical enterprise lens capable of shooting 4k videos and 12 megapixel photos that support up to 6x FHD zoom. DJI signature technologies such as Obstacle Sensing and the Advanced Pilot Assistance System, help you capture complex shots effortlessly. Additional features like the built in AirSense make you aware of your surrounding airspace, and password protection helps you maintain secure access to your aircraft and protect your data. The Mavic II Enterprise also has attachable modular accessories like the M2E spotlight, M2E Beacon, and M2E Speaker that are purpose built for various applications. The Mavic II Enterprise boasts a maximum flight speed of 44.7 mph and a maximum flight time of 31 minutes.	
Purpose/Authorized Uses: UAS/Drones may be utilized to enhance the Department's mission of protecting lives and property when other means and resources are not available or are less effective. Uses may include but are not limited to: search and rescue; suspect apprehension; crime scene documentation; tactical operations; scene security; hazard monitoring, identification and mitigation; response to emergency calls; crisis communications; legally authorized surveillance.	
Fiscal Impacts: The initial costs of equipment, licensing, software and training was approximately \$30,000 which was funded with Equitable Sharing Asset Forfeiture Funds. Ongoing cost associated with UAS operation and maintenance is estimated to be approximately \$15,000 per year total, for this and the other two UAS/Drones combined.	
Legal/Procedural Rules Governing Use: Any use of a UAS will be in strict accordance with constitutional and privacy rights and Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) regulations. The use of the UAS potentially involves privacy considerations. Absent a warrant or exigent circumstances, operators and observers shall adhere to FAA altitude regulations and shall not intentionally record or transmit images of any location where a person would have a reasonable expectation of privacy (e.g., residence, yard, enclosure). Operators and observers shall take reasonable precautions to avoid inadvertently recording or transmitting images of areas where there is a reasonable expectation of privacy. Reasonable precautions can include, for example, deactivating or turning imaging devices away from such areas or persons during UAS operations.	
Training Required: Prior to piloting any UAS/Drone staff members must secure an FAA Remote Pilot License and complete all training required by our FAA COA, CoA, or any other FAA authorized means which approves operations in the airspace.	
Other Notes: These devices are nearing end-of-life with functionality.	

Equipment Type: Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS/Drones) – CA Gov't Code §7070(c)(1)	
Quantity Owned/Sought: 6 owned	Lifespan: Approximately 5 years
Equipment Capabilities: Remotely piloted aerial vehicles capable of providing live and recorded video images captured from aerial positions, including images enhanced by optical zoom lenses.	
Manufacturer Product Description: The DJI Mini 2 is an ultra-light, foldable drone weighing under 250 grams, designed for easy transport and recreational or professional aerial imaging. It features a 3-axis stabilized 4K camera capable of capturing 12-megapixel stills and smooth, high-resolution video footage. The aircraft offers up to 31 minutes of flight time and reliable OcuSync 2.0 HD transmission for control ranges up to 10 kilometers. Built-in safety functions—such as GPS Return-to-Home, altitude limits, and wind-resistance—make it a stable, user-friendly platform for aerial operations and documentation.	
Purpose/Authorized Uses: UAS/Drones may be utilized to enhance the Department's mission of protecting lives and property when other means and resources are not available or are less effective. Uses may include but are not limited to: search and rescue; suspect apprehension; crime scene documentation; tactical operations; scene security; hazard monitoring, identification and mitigation; response to emergency calls; crisis communications; legally authorized surveillance.	
Fiscal Impacts: The initial cost of equipment was approximately \$4,000.00 which was funded with Equitable Sharing Asset Forfeiture Funds. Ongoing cost associated with UAS operation and maintenance is estimated to be approximately \$15,000 per year total, for this and the other UAS/Drones combined.	
Legal/Procedural Rules Governing Use: Any use of a UAS will be in strict accordance with constitutional and privacy rights and Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) regulations. The use of the UAS potentially involves privacy considerations. Absent a warrant or exigent circumstances, operators and observers shall adhere to FAA altitude regulations and shall not intentionally record or transmit images of any location where a person would have a reasonable expectation of privacy (e.g., residence, yard, enclosure). Operators and observers shall take reasonable precautions to avoid inadvertently recording or transmitting images of areas where there is a reasonable expectation of privacy. Reasonable precautions can include, for example, deactivating or turning imaging devices away from such areas or persons during UAS operations.	
Training Required: Prior to piloting any UAS/Drone staff members must secure an FAA Remote Pilot License and complete all training required by our FAA COA, CoA, or any other FAA authorized means which approves operations in the airspace.	
Other Notes: None	

Equipment Type: Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS/Drones) – CA Gov't Code §7070(c)(1)	
Quantity Owned/Sought: 2 Sought	Lifespan: Approximately 5 years
Equipment Capabilities: Autonomous, remotely piloted aerial systems capable of launching from fixed-site deployment stations to provide live and recorded video feeds for situational awareness, tactical response, and scene documentation. Each unit is capable of fully autonomous flight, obstacle avoidance, and AI-assisted navigation while transmitting secure, high-definition video and telemetry to command staff. Equipped with optical zoom and thermal imaging capabilities, the aircraft support a wide range of emergency response and investigative operations.	
Manufacturer Product Description: Skydio X10 Platform: The Skydio X10 is a fully autonomous, AI-powered drone designed for public safety and enterprise use. It features 360° obstacle avoidance through advanced computer vision, a 3-axis stabilized gimbal, and modular payload options including high-resolution optical zoom and thermal sensors for low-light or night operations. The system supports automated takeoff, patrol, and return-to-base functions and integrates seamlessly with the Skydio Dock for continuous remote operations and recharging. The aircraft can achieve flight times up to 40 minutes and speeds exceeding 45 mph, while maintaining encrypted data links and GPS-denied navigation for mission reliability	
The Drone as First Responder (DFR) Program enables rapid, autonomous drone deployment from two launch/charging/storage locations strategically positioned within the city to provide live aerial situational awareness before ground units arrive. DFR operations support the Department's mission to protect life and property by enhancing response capabilities during emergencies. Authorized uses include, but are not limited to, search and rescue, in-progress crime assessment, tactical support, hazardous condition monitoring, disaster response, crime scene documentation, and other legally authorized surveillance or investigatory functions consistent with law and policy.	
Fiscal Impacts: The initial investment for equipment, launch infrastructure, software, and training will total approximately \$150,000. The department is looking to reallocate already received grant funding to partially fund this expenditure. Additional funds will need to be allocated to move forward with this deployment.	
Legal/Procedural Rules Governing Use: All DFR operations will be conducted in compliance with constitutional protections, privacy laws, and Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) regulations, including the Department's approved Certificate of Authorization (COA). Flights are restricted to official public safety missions and will not intentionally collect imagery of areas where individuals have a reasonable expectation of privacy (e.g., private residences, enclosed yards). Absent a warrant or exigent circumstances, operators shall take reasonable precautions—such as repositioning or disabling imaging systems—to prevent inadvertent collection of non-relevant private imagery. All collected data will be managed under the Department's retention, access, and disclosure policies consistent with applicable state and federal law.	
Training Required: Prior to piloting any UAS/Drone staff members must secure an FAA Remote Pilot License and complete all training required by our FAA COA, CoA, or any other FAA authorized means which approves operations in the airspace.	
Other Notes: These devices have not been purchased or deployed.	

Equipment Name: 5.56mm Semiautomatic Rifles and Ammunition - CA Gov't Code §7070(c)(10)
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Quantity Owned/Sought: 18 owned	Lifespan: Approximately 15 years
Equipment Capabilities: The Colt AR15A3 semiautomatic rifle is capable of firing 5.56mm projectile bullet.	
Manufacturer Product Description: The Colt AR15A3 features a gas operated semi-auto firing system chambered in 223 Remington/5.56 NATO with a barrel length of 16.1". The rifle is outfitted with carbine length Magpul railed forend	
<p>Purpose/Authorized Uses: Officers may deploy the patrol rifle in any circumstance where the officer can articulate a reasonable expectation that the rifle may be needed. Examples of some general guidelines for deploying the patrol rifle may include but are not limited to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Situations where the officer reasonably anticipates an armed encounter. 2. When an officer is faced with a situation that may require accurate and effective fire at long range. 3. Situations where an officer reasonably expects the need to meet or exceed a suspect's firepower. 4. When an officer reasonably believes that there may be a need to fire on a barricaded person or a person with a hostage. 5. When an officer reasonably believes that a suspect may be wearing body armor. 6. When authorized or requested by a supervisor. 	
Fiscal Impacts: The initial cost of equipment was approximately \$33,282. The ongoing costs for ammunition will vary and maintenance is conducted by departmental staff.	
Legal/Procedural Rules Governing Use: All applicable State, Federal and Local laws governing police use of force. Various San Bruno Police Department Policies on Use of Force and Firearms.	
Training Required: Officers must successfully complete a CA POST certified 24-hour patrol rifle course as well as regular department firearms training and qualifications as required by law and policy.	
Other Notes: These rifles are beyond their serviceable lifespan and are no longer being used by the department. These firearms are included in the report since the department has yet to complete a final disposition and remove them from our possession.	

Equipment Name: 5.56mm Semiautomatic Rifles and Ammunition - CA Gov't Code §7070(c)(10)	
Quantity Owned/Sought: 7 owned	Lifespan: Approximately 15 years
Equipment Capabilities: The Colt M4 semiautomatic rifle is capable of firing 5.56mm projectile bullet.	
Manufacturer Product Description: The Colt M4 Magpul Carbine features a gas operated semi-auto firing system chambered in 223 Remington/5.56 NATO with a barrel length of 16.1". The rifle is outfitted with carbine length Magpul MOE stock and railed forend	
<p>Purpose/Authorized Uses: Officers may deploy the patrol rifle in any circumstance where the officer can articulate a reasonable expectation that the rifle may be needed. Examples of some general guidelines for deploying the patrol rifle may include but are not limited to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Situations where the officer reasonably anticipates an armed encounter. 2. When an officer is faced with a situation that may require accurate and effective fire at long range. 3. Situations where an officer reasonably expects the need to meet or exceed a suspect's firepower. 4. When an officer reasonably believes that there may be a need to fire on a barricaded person or a person with a hostage. 5. When an officer reasonably believes that a suspect may be wearing body armor. 6. When authorized or requested by a supervisor. 	
Fiscal Impacts: The initial cost of equipment was approximately \$12,943. The ongoing costs for ammunition will vary and maintenance is conducted by departmental staff.	
Legal/Procedural Rules Governing Use: All applicable State, Federal and Local laws governing police use of force. Various San Bruno Police Department Policies on Use of Force and Firearms.	
Training Required: Officers must successfully complete a CA POST certified 24-hour patrol rifle course as well as regular department firearms training and qualifications as required by law and policy.	
Other Notes: These rifles are beyond their serviceable lifespan and are no longer being used by the department. These firearms are included in the report since the department has yet to complete a final disposition and remove them from our possession	

Equipment Type: Semiautomatic Rifles and Ammunition - CA Gov't Code §7070(c)(10)	
Quantity Owned/Sought: 53 owned	Lifespan: Approximately 15 years
Equipment Capabilities: The Daniel Defense MK18 semiautomatic rifle is capable of firing 5.56mm projectile bullet.	
Manufacturer Product Description: The Daniel Defense MK18 features the railed forend Daniel Defense currently provides to USSOCOM, and a 10.3" Cold Hammer Forged Barrel. The MK18 rail system features the patented bolt-up attachment system and has been rigorously tested prior to fielding by USSOCOM. The MK18 SBR by Daniel Defense is unmatched in size, weight, and performance.	
<p>Purpose/Authorized Uses: Officers may deploy the patrol rifle in any circumstance where the officer can articulate a reasonable expectation that the rifle may be needed. Examples of some general guidelines for deploying the patrol rifle may include but are not limited to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Situations where the officer reasonably anticipates an armed encounter. 2. When an officer is faced with a situation that may require accurate and effective fire at long range. 3. Situations where an officer reasonably expects the need to meet or exceed a suspect's firepower. 4. When an officer reasonably believes that there may be a need to fire on a barricaded person or a person with a hostage. 5. When an officer reasonably believes that a suspect may be wearing body armor. 6. When authorized or requested by a supervisor. 	
Fiscal Impacts: The initial cost of equipment was approximately \$168,000. The ongoing costs for ammunition will vary and maintenance is conducted by departmental staff.	
Legal/Procedural Rules Governing Use: All applicable State, Federal and Local laws governing police use of force. Various San Bruno Police Department Policies on Use of Force and Firearms.	
Training Required: Officers must successfully complete a CA POST certified 24-hour patrol rifle course as well as regular department firearms training and qualifications as required by law and policy.	
Other Notes: These rifles are standard issue service weapons for our officers and therefor exempted from this Military Equipment Use Policy per CA Gov't Code §7070 (c)(10). They have been included in this document in an abundance of caution and in the interest of transparency.	

Equipment Type: Semiautomatic Rifle and Ammunition - CA Gov't Code §7070(c)(10)	
Quantity Owned/Sought: 1 owned	Lifespan: Approximately 15 years
Equipment Capabilities: The Bushmaster AR-10 Sniper Rifle is capable of firing a 7.62mm projectile bullet.	
<p>Manufacturer Product Description: Bushmaster MOE 308 Semi-automatic .308 Winchester/7.62 NATO AR-10 Rifle.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. 16" heavy profile barrel 2. Magpul MOE Hand Guard, accepts rail sections (carbine, mid-length or rifle-length) 3. Magpul MBUS rear flip sight 4. Magpul MOE pistol grip, accepts MIAD storage cores 5. Magpul MOE vertical grip 6. Magpul enhanced trigger guard 7. Magpul MOE adjustable stock with strong A-design and rubber butt pad 8. Mid-length gas system for smoother recoil 	
<p>Purpose/Authorized Uses: This rifle is authorized for use by a Sniper-trained, SWAT Operator only and may be deployed in any circumstance where the officer can articulate a reasonable expectation that the rifle may be needed. Examples of some general guidelines for deploying the rifle may include but are not limited to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Situations where the officer reasonably anticipates an armed encounter. 2. When the officer is faced with a situation that may require accurate and effective fire at long range. 3. Situations where an officer reasonably expects the need to meet or exceed a suspect's firepower. 4. When an officer reasonably believes that there may be a need to fire on a barricaded person or a person with a hostage. 5. When an officer reasonably believes that a suspect may be wearing body armor. 6. When authorized or requested by a supervisor. 	
Fiscal Impacts: This equipment was donated to the San Bruno Police Department at no cost. The ongoing costs for ammunition will vary and maintenance is conducted by departmental staff.	
Legal/Procedural Rules Governing Use: All applicable State, Federal and Local laws governing police use of force. Various San Bruno Police Department Policies on Use of Force and Firearms.	
Training Required: In addition to patrol rifle and standard SWAT Operator training, SWAT Snipers must successfully complete a CA POST certified sniper course as well as regular SWAT Sniper training and qualifications as required by law and policy.	
Other Notes: The San Bruno Police Department does not presently have a SWAT Sniper among its staff, but we are currently identifying a staff member to assume this role.	

Equipment Type: Mobile Command Vehicle - CA Gov't Code §7070(c)(5)	
Quantity Owned/Sought: 1 owned	Lifespan: Approximately 15 years
Equipment Capabilities: The Mobile Command Vehicle (MCV) provides mobile, remote access to radio, internet, planning and other resources to assist with management of major incidents and planned operations.	
Manufacturer Product Description: Not applicable as this unit is custom built onto an ambulance vehicle platform.	
Purpose/Authorized Uses: The MCV can be deployed anytime first responders determine that it would be beneficial to operations being conducted.	
Fiscal Impacts: The initial cost of this unit, outfitting, and all peripheral equipment was approximately \$350,000, which was funded by a grant from the San Bruno Community Foundation and Google/YouTube. Ongoing costs to maintain the MCV and replace failing equipment is approximately \$5,000/year.	
Legal/Procedural Rules Governing Use: Not applicable.	
Training Required: Not applicable.	
Other Notes: The MCV is not a tactical vehicle, meaning that it is not armored in any way and does not include any weapon elements. The MCV is simply a custom vehicle reconfigured with radios, computers, smart screens and other peripherals to facilitate field command.	

Equipment Type: 40mm Less Lethal Launchers and Kinetic Energy Munitions - CA Gov't Code §7070(c)(14)	
Quantity Owned/Sought: 16 owned / 4 sought	Lifespan: Approximately 15 years
Equipment Capabilities: The 40mm Less Lethal Launcher is capable of firing 40mm Kinetic Energy Munitions, which are essentially rubber projectiles.	
Manufacturer Product Description: Penn Arms 40MM launchers are manufactured using 4140 hardened steel, 6061-T6 mil-spec anodized aluminum, and DuPont super tough glass-filled nylon. These launchers are light weight, versatile and used worldwide by police and corrections officers. The 40MM launcher family of products is available in single-shot, spring-advance multi, and pump-advance multi-versions.	
Purpose/Authorized Uses: The 40mm Less Lethal Launchers and Kinetic Energy Munitions are intended for use as a less lethal use of force option.	
Fiscal Impacts: The initial cost of this equipment was approximately \$26,000. The ongoing costs for munitions will vary and maintenance is conducted by departmental staff. The cost of the additional launchers and accessories is approximately \$15,000.00. This additional purchase is supported by the FY25/26 general fund budget.	
Legal/Procedural Rules Governing Use: All applicable State, Federal and Local laws governing police use of force. Various San Bruno Police Department Policies on Use of Force and Crowd Control.	
Training Required: Officers must complete a department-certified 40mm course as well as regular training and qualifications as required by law and policy.	
Other Notes: These less lethal launchers are part of the equipment deployed with each marked patrol vehicle. Over the last few years we have increased our marked patrol vehicle count and we will be purchasing four additional launchers to complete the new vehicle deployments.	

Equipment Type: Flashbang grenades, explosive breaching tools, tear gas and pepper balls - CA Gov't Code §7070(c)(12)	
Quantity Owned/Sought: 68 (Sought)	Lifespan: Until used
Equipment Capabilities: A fused device that produces a loud noise and light flash, without fragmenting or bursting.	
<p>Manufacturer Product Description: COMBINED TACTIACL SYSTEMS, 7920M FLASH-BANG. A non-bursting, non-fragmenting multi-bang device that produces a thunderous bang with an intense bright light. Ideal for distracting dangerous suspects during assaults, hostage rescue, room entry or other high-risk arrest situations.</p> <p>LIBERTY DYNAMICS. Liberty Dynamic's NFDD (marketed as the Enhanced Diversionary Device or EDD) is a digitally-fused, cartridge-based distraction device designed to deliver M84-class flash and noise effects with selectable, repeatable output. Its architecture uses binary energetics and a computerized fuse to reduce smoke, fire risk, and timing variability compared with legacy stun-grenade designs. The unit's low-roll geometry, electronic safe-arm features, and reloadable cartridges make it both tactically precise and cost-efficient over lifecycle deployments. Operationally, the EDD prioritizes operator safety and collateral-damage mitigation while offering programmable delay profiles that align with modern breaching and dynamic-entry SOPs.</p>	
<p>Purpose/Authorized Uses: Distraction devices are ideal for distracting dangerous suspects to allow tactical teams to complete a dangerous mission or task. Distraction devices shall only be used by officers trained in the proper use and deployment.</p> <p>Diversionary Devices shall only be used:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - By officers who have been trained in their proper use. - In hostage and barricaded subject situations. - In high-risk warrant (search/arrest) services where there may be extreme hazards to officers. - During other high-risk situations where their use would enhance officer safety. - During training exercises. 	
Fiscal Impacts: The initial cost of purchasing and training for both NFDD's listed above is approximately \$11,500.00. This purchase is supported by FY25-26's general fund budget.	
Legal/Procedural Rules Governing Use: All applicable State, Federal and Local laws governing police use of NFDD's. Various San Bruno Police Department Policies on Use of Force, Crowd Control, and Tactical Operations.	
Training Required: Officers must attend training hosted by certified POST instructors which is followed by an annual refresher training	
Other Notes: None.	

Section Two: Qualifying equipment not already listed in this policy, which is known to be owned and/or utilized by the North County Regional SWAT Team, for which the San Bruno Police Department is a participating agency

Equipment Type: Unmanned, remotely piloted, powered ground vehicles - CA Gov't Code §7070(c)(1)	
Quantity Owned/Sought: 8 Drones / 5 Robots (Not owned by SBPD)	Lifespan: Approximately 15 years
Equipment Capabilities: Vehicles are capable of being remotely navigated to provide scene information and intelligence in the form of video and still images transmitted to first responders.	
Manufacturer Product Description: Unavailable as this equipment is not owned by the San Bruno Police Department.	
Purpose/Authorized Uses: To enhance the safety of potentially dangerous situations by providing first responders with the ability to capture video and still images of hazardous areas prior to, or in lieu of, sending in personnel.	
Fiscal Impacts: None. Equipment owned, maintained, and operated by another agency.	
Legal/Procedural Rules Governing Use: The use of unmanned, remotely piloted, powered ground vehicles potentially involves privacy considerations. Absent a warrant or exigent circumstances, operators and observers shall adhere to all applicable privacy laws and shall not intentionally record or transmit images of any location where a person would have a reasonable expectation of privacy (e.g., residence, yard, enclosure).	
Training Required: The North County Regional SWAT Team provides internal training for staff members prior to allowing them to pilot these vehicles.	
Other Notes: None.	

Equipment Type: Mine Resistant Ambush Protected Vehicles (MRAP) - CA Gov't Code §7070(c)(2)	
Quantity Owned/Sought: 1 (Not owned by SBPD)	Lifespan: Unknown
Equipment Capabilities: Capable of transporting personnel and equipment while providing them with armored protection from gunfire.	
Manufacturer Product Description: Unavailable as this equipment is not owned by the San Bruno Police Department.	
Purpose/Authorized Uses: To move personnel and/or resources in support of tactical operations in which there is reason to expect potential armed resistance requiring protection.	
Fiscal Impacts: None. Equipment owned, maintained, and operated by another agency.	
Legal/Procedural Rules Governing Use: The MRAP can be deployed any time tactical operators determine that there is a need to move personnel and/or resources into areas in which they have reason to expect potential armed resistance requiring its protection.	
Training Required: The North County Regional SWAT Team provides internal training for staff members prior to allowing them to drive MRAP vehicles.	
Other Notes: None.	

Equipment Type: Wheeled vehicles that have a breaching apparatus attached - CA Gov't Code §7070(c)(3)	
Quantity Owned/Sought: 1 (Not owned by SBPD)	Lifespan: Unknown.
Equipment Capabilities: Capable of breaching doors, gates, and other points of entry.	
Manufacturer Product Description: Unavailable as this equipment is not owned by the San Bruno Police Department.	
Purpose/Authorized Uses: Breaching doors, gates, and other points of entry.	
Fiscal Impacts: None. Equipment owned, maintained, and operated by another agency.	
Legal/Procedural Rules Governing Use: Breaching vehicles can be deployed any time tactical operators determine that it is necessary to complete a lawful breaching. For a breaching to be lawful, it will generally need to be supported by a search or arrest warrant, or exigent circumstances.	
Training Required: The North County Regional SWAT Team provides internal training for staff members prior to allowing them to drive breaching vehicles.	
Other Notes: None.	

Equipment Type: Battering rams, slugs, and breaching apparatus that are explosive in nature - CA Gov't Code §7070(c)(7)	
Quantity Owned/Sought: 0	Lifespan: Unknown.
Equipment Capabilities: Capable of breaching doors, gates, windows, and other points of entry.	
<p>Manufacturer Product Description: DETONATING CORD, The detonating cord is a thin, flexible plastic tube usually filled with pentaerythritol tetranitrate (PETN, pentrite). With the PETN exploding at a rate of approximately 6400 m/s, any common length of detonation cord appears to explode instantaneously. It is a high-speed fuse which explodes, rather than burns, and is suitable for detonating high explosives.</p> <p>BLASTING CAP. A blasting cap is a small sensitive primary explosive device generally used to detonate a larger, more powerful, and less sensitive secondary explosive such as TNT, dynamite, or plastic explosive. Blasting caps come in a variety of types, including non-electric caps, electric caps, and fuse caps.</p> <p>REMINGTON 870 BREACHING SHOTGUN. This weapon allows for breachers to safely utilize shotgun breaching rounds to destroy deadbolts, locks, and hinges. The stand-off that is attached to the end of the barrel allows for positive placement of the gun into the correct position and vents gases to prevent overpressure. This weapon can also defeat windows and sliding glass doors with a flash bang round. A less lethal 2.4-inch 12-gauge shotgun round firing a ballistic fiber bag filled with 40 grams of lead shot at a velocity of 270-290 feet per second (FPS).</p> <p>DEFENSE TECHNOLOGY FRANGILBE BREACHING ROUND, the round is fired from a breaching shotgun and is used to destroy deadbolts, locks and hinges.</p>	
Purpose/Authorized Uses: Breaching doors, gates, windows, and other points of entry.	
Fiscal Impacts: None. Equipment owned, maintained, and operated by another agency.	
Legal/Procedural Rules Governing Use: Breaching apparatus that are explosive in nature can be deployed any time tactical operators determine that it is necessary to complete a lawful breaching, and non-explosive breaching methods are not tactically practicable. For a breaching to be lawful, it will generally need to be supported by a search or arrest warrant, or exigent circumstances.	
Training Required: The North County Regional SWAT Team provides internal training for staff members prior to allowing them to use explosive breaching apparatus.	
Other Notes: The police department does have a certified explosive breacher assigned to NCR SWAT. While the department has two explosive initiators, we do not possess any explosive material. The explosive material is held by other NCR participating agencies for use by our member.	

Equipment Type: AR-15 Style Semiautomatic Rifle and Ammunition - CA Gov't Code §7070(c)(10)	
Quantity Owned/Sought: 60 (not owned by SBPD)	Lifespan: Approximately 15 years
Equipment Capabilities: The AR15 style firearm can fire a .223, .556, .308 or .300 caliber projectile accurately at over 100 yards.	
Manufacturer Product Description: The AR15 style firearm features M-LOK attachment technology with the Daniel Defense MFR 15.0 rail. Built around a Cold Hammer Forged, 16 inch barrel, the V7 has a DD improved Flash Suppressor to reduce flash signature. The mid-length gas system provides smooth and reliable cycling under any condition and reduces both perceived recoil and wear on moving parts. With the M-LOK attachment points that run along 7 positions and an uninterrupted 1913 Picatinny rail on top, the V7 has plenty of room for the sights, optics, and accessories the user may require. The independently ambi GRIP-N-RIP Charging Handle accommodates left- and right-handed shooters. This rifle also comes with the ergonomic Daniel Defense Buttstock and Pistol Grip.	
Purpose/Authorized Uses: Officers may deploy the patrol rifle in any circumstance where the officer can articulate a reasonable expectation that the rifle may be needed. Examples of some general guidelines for deploying the patrol rifle may include but are not limited to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Situations where the officer reasonably anticipates an armed encounter. 2. When an officer is faced with a situation that may require accurate and effective fire at long range. 3. Situations where an officer reasonably expects the need to meet or exceed a suspect's firepower. 4. When an officer reasonably believes that there may be a need to fire on a barricaded person or a person with a hostage. 5. When an officer reasonably believes that a suspect may be wearing body armor. 6. When authorized or requested by a supervisor. 	
Fiscal Impacts: None. Equipment owned, maintained, and operated by another agency.	
Legal/Procedural Rules Governing Use: All applicable State, Federal and Local laws governing police use of force. Various San Bruno Police Department Policies on Use of Force and Firearms.	
Training Required: In addition to patrol rifle and standard SWAT Operator training, SWAT Operators must successfully complete a CA POST certified SWAT course as well as regular SWAT training and qualifications as required by law and policy.	
Other Notes: None.	

Equipment Type: Flashbang grenades, explosive breaching tools, tear gas and pepper balls - CA Gov't Code §7070(c)(12)	
Quantity Owned/Sought: Unknown (Not owned by SBPD)	Lifespan: Unknown.
Equipment Capabilities: Capable of breaching doors, gates, windows, and other points of entry, creating explosive distractions, and/or deploying tear gas or pepper chemical.	
Manufacturer Product Description: COMBINED TACTIACL SYSTEMS, 7290-2 FLASH-BANG. A non-bursting, non-fragmenting multi-bang device that produces a thunderous bang with an intense bright light. Ideal for distracting dangerous suspects during assaults, hostage rescue, room entry or other high-risk arrest situations.	
COMBINED TACTICAL SYSTEMS, 7290M MINI FLASH-BANG. The 7290M Flash-Bang exhibits all the same attributes of its larger counterpart but in a smaller and lighter package. Weighing in at just 15 ounces the new 7290M is approximately 30% lighter than the 7290 but still has the same 175db output of the 7290 and produces 6-8 million candelas of light.	
PEPPERBALL. PepperBall launchers are constructed to deliver the mission of saving lives. Designed to provide officers with a non-lethal solution to de-escalate conflict and resolve situations with the least amount of force, these products offer the flexibility to adapt from daily patrol situations to crowd control engagements to tactical environments. The range of launchers spans from portable, lightweight handheld models that integrate seamlessly into standard patrol gear, to more robust, shoulder-mounted options offering upgraded options and projectile capacity. Each launcher is powered by carbon dioxide (CO2), nitrogen, or compressed air, enabling effective projectile deployment without being classified as a firearm. These launchers deploy different munitions with varying amounts of chemical agents.	
CTS 5230. 5230 JL large diameter burning grenade designed to discharge a high volume of smoke and chemical agent rapidly through multiple emission ports. The smoke composition is formulated to burn rapidly decreasing the possibility that the grenade can be picked up and thrown back at crowd management officers.	
CTS 6330 and 6340. 6330 / 6340 A unique grenade delivering an invisible vapor and rendering an intense respiratory effect. Provides best results when used indoors and requires no personal decontamination.	
CTS 5230B. Pyrotechnic grenade designed for indoor use delivering a maximum amount of irritant smoke throughout multiple rooms with minimal risk of fire.	
CTS 8210. Small diameter pyrotechnic irritant smoke grenade for outdoor use to disperse crowds. Emits smoke for up to 30 seconds and is small enough to carry in a pocket. Can be hand thrown or launched.	
Purpose/Authorized Uses: breaching doors, gates, windows, and other points of entry, creating explosive distractions, and/or deploying tear gas or pepper chemicals.	
Fiscal Impacts: None. Equipment owned, maintained, and operated by another agency.	
Legal/Procedural Rules Governing Use: Breaching apparatus that are explosive in nature can be deployed any time tactical operators determine that it is necessary to complete a lawful breaching,	

and non-explosive breaching methods are not tactically practicable. For a breaching to be lawful, it will generally need to be supported by a search or arrest warrant, or exigent circumstances. Tear gas and pepper balls can only be deployed in accordance with all applicable State, Federal and Local laws governing police use of force, crowd control, etc.

Training Required: The North County Regional SWAT Team provides internal training for staff members prior to allowing them to use any of these items.

Other Notes: None.

Equipment Type: Long Range Acoustic Device (LRAD) - CA Gov't Code §7070(c)(13)	
Quantity Owned/Sought: 1 (Not owned by SBPD)	Lifespan: Unknown.
Equipment Capabilities: LRAD systems are a type of Acoustic Hailing Device (AHD) used to send messages over long distances. LRAD systems produce much higher sound levels (volume) than normal loudspeakers or megaphones. Over shorter distances, LRAD signals are loud enough to cause pain in the ears of people in their path.	
Manufacturer Product Description: Unavailable as this equipment is not owned by the San Bruno Police Department.	
Purpose/Authorized Uses: Can be used to disperse unlawful crowds (with required notice and compliance times) and/or to disrupt the activities of person(s) who represent an immediate threat to others.	
Fiscal Impacts: None. Equipment owned, maintained, and operated by another agency.	
Legal/Procedural Rules Governing Use: LRADs can only be deployed in accordance with all applicable State, Federal and Local laws governing police use of force, crowd control, etc.	
Training Required: The North County Regional SWAT Team provides internal training for staff members prior to allowing them to use any of these items.	
Other Notes: None.	